THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE is published every monday morning, by F. BRADFORD, JR.

As Two Vollars per annum, paid in advance, v

JEREMIAH NEAVE & SON, Of Cincinnati, Ohio,

Have erected large and commodiou

Por the reception of all kinds of Merchandisc, Manufactures and Produce, for Storage, and Sale on Commission, for torwarding by the river or to country merchants. Bills and debts collected and within the states of Kentucky and Tennessee.

Cincinnati, February 19-

George Shannon.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, KEEPS his office on Poplar Row, in the same house occupied by the Lexington Branch Bank. 9-ff February 25, 1816.

Information Wanted

Of a certain Charles Shaw, who left Sheam-dea county, Virginia, about 5 years since, and is supposed to be living in Jefferson county, Kentucky. Charles Shaw, his nephew, sind son of James Shaw, deceased, is now near Gallpolis, Ohio, and wishes to hear from him, if alive Any person who will give information of said Charles Shaw, by Jetter or otherwise to Joseph Huffe, will confer an Island.

Pocket Book Lost.

LOST in the court house, on Wednesday last, Morocco Pocket Book, containing one note of \$50, on the Bank of Cineinnati, endorsed on the back, T. Nelson, and several other small notes, and a variety of other papers. Whoever will deliver sail pocket book, to the editor of the Gazette, shall be handsomely rewarded for their trouble.

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August 12

LUST,

A Black Leather l'oeket Book,

With four pockets in it—containing 50 dollars, in Kentucky notes, and 10 in other notes, the names o

With four pockets in it—containing 50 dollars, in Kentucky notes, and 10 in other notes, the names of the banks not recollected.

The above pocket book was lost on Monday, the Sth July, being court day. The person who has found it, by leaving it at the office of the Kentucky Gazette, will be liberally rewarded.

EDWARD DELANY.

August 3d, 1816. August 3d, 1816.

Two Umbrellas Lost.

Both have a blue silk canopy top-with the letters R B on the button of the handle of one, and F B on the other. A favour will be con-ferred by delivering them at this officer

TOBACCO.

THE subscribers will pay Cash for Tobacco.—
Persons desirous of contracting for their crops not pet ready for delivery, will find it advantageous to call on the subscribers, before they dispose of the name.

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, August 8.

A Baker Wanted.

A person well acquainted with the business o Baking, who is willing to undertake to conduct a bake-house on a large scale, will meet with liberal encouragement in this place. Enquire of the Print-31--Lexington, July 29, 1816.

For Sale,

THE HOUSE & LOT in Market street, now occupied by Mr. Destorges, first door below the new Presbyterian Church, and third above the Episcopalian.—For terms apply to Mr. John L. Martin, or to the subscriber, one and one-fourth miles north of Lexington.

JABEZ VIGUS. April 8, 1816.

To the Public.

grateful acknowledgments to my customers for the distinguished patronage I have received from them. My friends and the public are assured of prompt ac-commodations.—I feel confident that with the aid of some of the best workmen and a constant supply of the most choice materials, I shall be able to render ample satisfaction to those who may please to favour me with their applications by order JOHN BRYAN.

P Patent Elastic Saddles.

A word to those who are fond of easy riding. The complaint against hard and uneasy saddles, which is for the most part a just and general one, and riding to do, has caused me to turn my mind parti-cularly in that subject, with a view if possible to re-medy the evil—I can with confidence assure the public that I have accomplished it—I have project-ed a plan which is by means of strong and well tem-berned steel springs, so constructed as to support the pered steel springs, so constructed as to support the raddle seat & give much greater case to both rider & horse, than saddles made in the common way or any horse, than saddles made in the common way or any other that I have ever seen, can possibly do. The plan is entirely different from the English elastic saddles with spring bars of steel, whalebone, &c. and also from those with wire springs, and I conceive much superior to either, as the elasticity is greater, and the tree not being put out of its original form, will not be subject to hurting horses on journeys, which is complained of in thesaddles with spring bars. A number of gentlemen in this town and its vicinity, have those saddles nowsin use, and but one tentiment I believe exists among them in favour o, their seperiority—The invention is equally as applicable to ladies saddles as to gentlemens. Any person desirons of purchaling those easy saddles, is at liberty first to make trial of one and judge of their ease for themselves. In point of durability I will warrant them equal to any other saddles, and superior to most.

have obtained a Patent from the United States for this invention, and am ready to dispose of patent rights to Saidlers, for other counties or states—If required, I will furnish a tree with springs ready fixed and strained, which may serve as a model to work by, and will give the necessary instructions.

The printers in the torics thereof, who is laws of the United publish this notice sively once a week, and the printers in the patents of the United publish this notice sively once a week, and the printers in the patents of the United publish this notice sively once a week, and the printers in the patents of the United publish this notice sively once a week, and the printers in the patents of the United publish this notice sively once a week, and the printers in the patents of the United publish this notice.

WAR DEPARTMENT, July 10, 1816.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That separate proposals will be received at the Office of the Secretary for the Department of War, until the 31st day of October next, inclusive, for the supply of all rations that may Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

be required for the use of the United States, from the 1st day of June, 1817, inclusive to the 1st day of June, 1818, within the States, Territories and Districts, following, viz:

"Ist. At Detroit, Michilimacinac, Fort Wayne, Chicago, and their immediate vicinities, and st any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the Territory of Michigan, the vicinity of the Up-Brick Wurehouses & Cellars per Lakes and the state of Chio, and on or For the reception of all kinds of Merchandise, adjacent to the waters of lake Michigan.

punctually remitted. Purchases made and generally all BKOKERAGE and COMMISSION BU- or may be stationed, marched or recruited

within the Illinois, Indiana and Missouri Ter-4th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the Mississippi Territory, the state of

Louisiana and their vicinities north of the Gulf of Mexico 5th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the District of Maine and state of New-

who will give information of said Charles Shaw, by letter or otherwise to Joseph Huffe, will confer an obligation on a distressed orphan.

Printers throughout the state of Kentucky, will please give the above a few insertions.

Within the state of Connected and Stand.

8th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of New-York, north of the Highlands and within the state of Vermont.

9th. At any place or places where troop are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of New-York, south of the Highlands, including West-Point and within

the state of New-Jersey 10th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of Pennsylvania.

11th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the states of Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia.

12th. At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited

15th At any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of Georgia, including that part of the Creek's land lying within the territorial limits of said state.

A ration to consist of one pound and one quarter of beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted pork, eighteen ounces if hread or flour, one gill of rum, whisky or brandy, and at the rate of two quarts of salt, four quarts vinegar, four pounds of soap, and one pound and one half of candles to every hundred ra-tions. The prices of the several component parts of the ration shall be specified, but the United States reserve the right of making such alterations in the price of the component parts of the ration aforesaid, as shall make the price of each part thereof bear a just propor tion to the proposed price of the whole ration The ratibns are to be furnished in such quanti ties, that there shall, at all times, during the term of the proposed contract, be sufficient ovisions, if the same shall be required is also to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places or posts, to call for, at seasons, when the same can be

It is understood that the contractor is to be at the expense and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops, and that all losses sustained by the depredations of the enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid by the United States at the price of MY Shop is next door to the Kentucky Gazette article captured or destroyed as aforesaid, on printing-office, where I carry on my business in its the depositions of two or more persons of creseveral branches of SADDLING & MILITARY ACCOUTREMENT MAKING.—I tender my missioned officer, stating the circumstance of missioned officer, stating the circumstance of the loss, and the amount of the articles for

which compensation shall be claimed. The privilege is reserved to the United States, of requiring that none of the supplies, which may be furnished under any of the proposed contracts, shall be issued, until the sup-pites which have been, or may be furnished un-der the contract now in force, have been con-sumed. WM. H. CRAWFORD,

July 10 -32-10

Office of Claims for property lost, captured or destroyed, whilst in the military service of the United States, during the late war

Secretary of War

WASHINGTON, June 24th, 1816. Explanatory supplemental rule. In all cases comprised in the notice from this office of the 3d inst. the following supplemental regulation must be observed by every

Whenever the evidence, on oath, of any officer of the late army of the United States, shall be taken, or the certificate of any officer, in service at the time of giving it, shall be obtained, such evidence or such certificate must expressly state, whether any certificate or other voucher, in relation to the claim in question has been given, within the knowledge

together with its date as near as can be ascertained, will also be required. RICHARD BLAND LEE,

Commissioner of Claims, &c.

The printers in the United States or territories thereof, who are employed to print the laws of the United States, are requested to publish this notice for eight weeks successively once a week, and send their bills to this state.

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THOMAS TRIVEY.

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April 29, 1816—Approved, sively once a week, and send their bills to this

WAR DEPARTMENT

The act of Congress of the 26th of April 1816 having provided that where any Military Land Warrants shall be lost or destroyed, upon the proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Sec retary of War, a Patent shall issue in the same manuer as if the Warrant was produced; and when the same proof shall be produced, that any Soldier of the Regular Army has lost his Discharge and Certificate of faithful services the Secretary of War shall cause papers to be furnished such Soldier as may entitle him to his Land Warrant and Patent. To enable all persons comprehended by the provisions of the said act, to avail themselves of the relief intend ed to be granted, the Secretary of the Depart ment of War has directed, that in case of Milstary Land Warrants, which have been lost or destroyed, the party shall, upon oath in wri ting, state the time, place and manner of sucl oss or destruction, the date and number of the Warrant, and the company and regiment to which the Soldier belonged and the time of his discharge; and also the state, county and township in which he resides. The oaths must be made before an officer duly qualified to administer it, and the official character and signature of such officer must be certified by the Clerk of the County, the M yor of the City, or by such other officer as is required by the laws and usages of the state where it is made Ev. application will be advertised one month in he papers of the state where the applicant reides, before any decision will be made in the case by the Secretary of the Department. Evdence in corroboration of that of the party, will be required, where it is not satisfactorily hewn to be out of his power to produce In the case of lost DISCHARGES, the depo

sition, in addition to the time, place and manner of the loss or destruction of the DIS CHARGE, must set forth, the time and place o enlistment, the company and regiment to which the Soldier belonged at the time of his discharge the date of the discharge, and the rank and name of the officer who signed it :-it must also state whether the discharge contained the certificate of faithful service, required by law, or the words "HONORABLY DISCHARGED," or words of that import. The deposition of a disinterested witness, as to the service and dis charge of the applicant, is required in corrobo-ration of his own testimony. Where this is not produced, the reason of its non-production must be satisfactorily stated. The testimony must be authenticated in the manner prescrib d in case of the lost Warrants. Where th recise dates or numbers cannot be stated, they may be stated to the best of the recollecion of the witnesses, whose credibility the Maristrate, who takes the evidence, must certify in the usual form.

States, will insert the above once a week for the Kaskaskia district

July 29th. 1816.

Notice.

GREEABLY to a decree of the Fayette A Circuit Court, at the August term 1811, will be exposed to sale on the 27th of August text, all the right and title of William Hoya' heirs, to one hundred acres of land-situate on the Kentucky river, below the mouth of Marble creek, one mile from Grimes's mill and now in the possession of — Hunter and adjoining John Hunter. Sale to commence at eleven o'clock, at Hunters on the

premises.

WALTER CARR,
JAMES MARTIN.

Commissioners.

32-4w*

ressary to postpone the day of sale to the 270 nstant. W C & J. M.

FOR SALE.

purchaser—a good and sufficient title will be made to the above property. Apply to the subscriber on

WILLIAM THOMPSON.

Thomas Deve Owings, Has removed his IRON AND CASTINGS STORE

To the house formerly occupied by Mr. Bartholo mew Blount, on Upper and Short streets, opporite colonel Morrison's-where he has on hand

IRONS & CASTINGS, VIZ. Pots, Kettles, Skillets, Ovens,

And Irons, &c. Lexington, 3th Feb.

Soap and Candle Factory. THE subscriber will give the highest price in ash the ensuing fall and winter for

Tallow, Hogs's Lard and Kilchen Greuse,

of the best quality and at the shortest THOMAS TIBBATS.

August 5th, 1816.

Ten Dollars Reward.

Ran-away from the subscriber, living on of such officer. The claimant must also de-clare, on oath, that he has never received from any person any such certificate or voucher, or, Capt Cooke's Daily, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches if received, must state the cause of its non-production. In every case the name of the officer furnishing such certificate or voucher, makes out rather a disjointed story. The a bove reward will be paid, with all reasonable charges, if delivered to the subscriber, or to B. Gaines in Lexington, or the ten dollars for

THOMAS WINN. 1 · May 7, 1816,

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

Making further provisions for settling claims

to land in the Territory of Illinois. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re. confirming certain claims to land in the Illi-nois Territory, and providing for their loca-tion," to satisfy the unlocated claims to land in the said Territory, shall be, and they here-by are authorised and allowed until the first day of October, one th usand eight hundred and sixteen, to enter the same, for purchase, with the register and receiver of public mo-nies of the land office at Kaskaskia; and it shall be the duty of the register and receiver, to enter the same for purchase, according to the provisions of this and the said recited act: Provided, that such person or persons shall not ed the twenty seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Sec. 2. And be it further encited, That the register and receiver of public money shall have power, and they are hereby authorised to select any other vacant and unappropriated lands within the tract set apart to satisfy confirmed claims as aforesaid, in lieu of such of the lands formerly reserved for a seminary of learning, and for the support of schools as have been appropriated in satisfaction of ancient grants, or confirmed improvement claims, or as shall be entered in right of pre-emption according to the provisions of the preceding section of this act: Provided, that the lands thus to be selected shall be taken as near aded as an equal quantity of land of like quality can be obtained, and shall be reserved and appropriated for the same purpose.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the second section of an act passed the twenty seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, respecting the settlers on the fractional sections and quarter sections within the aforesaid reserved The publishers of the laws of the United fractional section or quarter sections within

> Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the claims filed in the name of the original claimants, or their heirs, not exceeding four hundred acres, contained in a list transmitted to the commissioner of the general land office by Michael Jones, register, and S. Bond, receiver of public monies of the land office for the district of Raskaskia, bearing date the twenty ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be, and they hereby are con firmed to the original claimants, or their heirs, Provided, that the said claims hereby confirmed be, and they hereby are deemed and ta ken to be unlocated claims, and they shall not n anywise defeat or interfere with locations made in virtue of other authorised claims on lands improved by the said claimants or o

thers The mistake in the above advertisement claimants whose claims are confirmed by virtue of the week before last, renders it neture of the fourth section of this act, and all others lawfully holding confirmed unlocated claims for land within the tract reserved by for the consumption of the troops for six months in advance, of good and wholesome TAN YARD & FARM, the before recited act of the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and four-provisions, if the same shall be required. It be allowed until the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and sixteen to re-THE subscriber will sell on moderate terms, his gister the same; and the said claims shall be Tan Yard and Farm in Clark County 12 miles east receivable in payment for public lands within the Lexington. This is thought one of the best gister the same; and the said claims shall be of Lexington. This is thought one of the best the said reserved tract, conformably with the stands for business in the state—there is a good provisions of the last above mentioned act, and of the present act, any time prior to the sary building on the premises, about 13 tan vats, a first day of October, one thousand eight hungood shop, &c. Payments will be made to suit the dred and sixteen.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That all persons or their legal representatives, entitled to the right of pre-emption of lands within the boundary specified in the before recited act, of the sixteenth day of April, one thous and eight hundred and fourteen, which lands have not been surveyed under the authority of the United States, shall be, and they hereby are allowed a further time, for making their entries with the register of the land office, until the lands upon which they have respec-tively settled and improved shall be surveyed y the United States, and until the expiration f six months next thereafter.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That every person and the legal representative of every person, whose claim to a tract of land within the Illinois Territory, is confirmed by this or any former act, and who has not previously obtained a patent for the same from the governor either of the territory north-west of the Ohio, or of the Indiana Territory, shall, whenever his claims shall have been located and sureyed, be entitled to receive from the register of the land office at Kaskaskia, a certificate of stating that the claimant is entitled to receive a patent for such tract of land by virtue of or this act, for which certificate, the register and the state of the At his Soap and Candle Manufactory on Market street, opposite the south east end of the Transylvania University, where merchants and others may be supplied with Soap, Mould and Dipped Candles, tract, which shall essert in like manner as the street, which shall issue in like manner as the street. April 25, 1816-Approved.

JAMES WADISON.

RESOLUTION

Authorising the President of the United States to employ a skilful Assistant in the corps of Engineers.

Inited States be, and he is hereby authorised to employ, in addition to the corps of engineers as now established, a skillul assistant, whose compensation shall be such as the President of the United States shall think proper,

April 29, 1816 .- Approved, JAMES MADISON.

For the relief of certain purchasers of public land in the Mississippi Territory

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re resentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That every person who, since the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and prior to the eighlegal representatives of every person, who before the fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, settled on and improved any tract of land reserved for the ght hundred ard thirteen, settled on and im-tory, not exceeding in the whole six hundred and forty acres, unless the tract purchased be a factional section or sections, or fractional section of sections of learning and who, had not the same been reserved, would have section classed with an entire section, and had the right of pre-emption within the tract of country set apart by the third section of the set of the sexteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen entitled, "An act eight months from and after the expiration of the present period already given by law for completing the payment of the said purchase money; which further term of two years and eight months shall be allowed only on the con-dition, that all arr-ars of interest on the purchase money shall have been paid on or before the time shall have expired for completing the payment of the purchase money: Provided that in all cases in which the time for completing the payments of the purchase money have expired, or shall expire, before the first day of July next, the interest may be paid on have entered in right of pre-emption other or before that day. But in case of failure in lands in lieu thereof in virtue of the third section of an act to amend the aforesaid act, pass. herein provided, the tract of land shall forthwith be advertised and offered for sale, in the same manner, and on the same terms as is directed by law in case of lands not paid for within the limited term, and shall revert in like manner, if the sum due with interest be not at such sale bidden and paid. And in cases where any tract or tracts of lands in said Territory, not exceeding, in the whole, ax hundred and forty acres, unless the tract be a fractional section or sections, or fractional section classed with an entire section, have, since the first day of October last reverted to the United States for default of payment, the original purchaser may again enter the same tract or tracts at the price at which such tract or tracts were originally sold; and all monies which such original purchaser may have paid shall be replaced to his credit by the receiver of public monies for the district in which the land may he, and such repurchasers shall be allowed the same benefit of the extension of the time of payment created by this act, as though no such reversi n had oc-curred: Provided, That such original purchaser shall make to the proper officer such aptract, shall extend to all other settlers on the placation for such re-entry as is required by fractional section or quarter sections within law for the entry of lands on or before the first day of July next, and that the land so reverted ahall not have then been prevously resold. April 24, 1816—Approved,
JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of a surveyor of the public lands in the Territories of Illi-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That a surveyor of the lands of the United States in the Territories of Illinois and Missouri shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to engage a sufficient number of skilful surveyors as his deputies, and to cause so much of the land above mentioned, as the President of the United States shall direct, and to which the titles of the Indian tribes have been extinguished, to be surveyed and divided in the manner, and to do and perform all such other acts in relation to such lands, as the surveyor general is authorised and directed to do in relation to the same, or the lands lymg north-west of the river Ohio; and it shall also be the duty of the surveyor to cause to be surveyed the lands in the said Territories the claims to which have been or hereafter may be confirmed by an act of congress, which have not already been surveyed according to law and generally to do and perform all and singular the duties required by law to be performed by the principal deputy serveyor for the Terri-tory of Missouri; and shall transmit to the re-gisters of the land offices within the said Teritories, respectively, general and particular lats of all the lands surveyed, or to be surveyed, and shall also forward copies of said plats the commissioner of the general land office; fix the compensation of the deputy surveyors, thain carriers, and axemen Provided, that the whole expense of surveying and making the lines shall not exceed three dollars for evmile that shall be run, surveyed and mark-

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the urveyor of the lands of the United States appointed in pursuance of this act, shall be allowd an annual compensation of one thousand dollars, and shall be entitled to receive from individuals the following fees: that is to say, for recording the surveys executed by any of the deputies, at the rate of twenty-five cents for every mile of the boundary line of such survey, and for a certified copy of a plat of a survey in his office, twenty-five cents, and that all the plats of surveys, and all other papers and documents pertaining, or which did pertain to the office of the surveyor general under the Spanish government within the limits of the Territory of Missouri, or to the office of princ pal or pury surveyor for said territory, or pertaining to the office of surveyor general, or to any office here-tofore established or authorised for the purpose shall entitle the party to a patent for the said tract, which shall issue in like manner as is provided by law for lands purchased of the within the limits of the Territories of Missou-within the limits of the delivered to the surri and Illinois, shall be delivered to the surveyor of the linds of the United States, authorised to be appointed by this act; and any plat of survey duly certified by the said surveyor shall be admitted as evidence in any of the courts of the United States or Territories

Sec. 3. And be it further enucted, That so Revolved by the Senate and House of Repre-entatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorised for the appointment of a principal deputy surveyor, and so much of any act of Congress here-tofore passed as is repugnant to, or inconsis-

JAMES MADISON.

CONFESSION

Lieutenant Richard Smith.

Who is now in the Plaladelphia prison under sen e of death, for the murder of captain JOHN

I. RICHARD SMITH, being about to take my de parture to the eternal world, leave this brief narrative of the most important events of my life, that others who "know the right and yet the wrong pursue," may profit by my misfor weep at the untimely exit of a tremendous, has brought down upon his devoted head the vengeance of a just and an avenging Heaven; and who, instead of enjoying the hap

I was born in Ireland, in the town of Sligo, of respectable and worthy parents, who once rolled in the wealth, and "basked in the sunny beam" of luxury and grandeur. My father, Samuel Smith, was a merchant of good standing, whose affairs were supposed by his friends to be prosperous, until the fluctuations, and un certainties of trade, reduced him to the altern-

return ties of trade, reduced him to the action ative of insolvency, when his property was conveyed to the benefit of his creditors.

Shortly after his failure, my father died, at which time I was in my infancy, and I was left with "no father's guardian hand to maintain me in the paths of virtue"—About one year afterwards my mother again married, and left the land of my nativity, and was conveyed

No mother's care, Shielded my infant innocence with prayer."

At the age of three years I was sent forth in to the world, destitute of that affectionate car and that concern for my future conduct in life which are enjoined by the dictates of paterns affection, and the precepts of parental love. was emphatically "launched into life, withou an oar," and my untimely fate speaks in a voice of thunder to the ears of unheeding and inat tentive parents. I am but a youth, alas! to be cut down before the blossoms of manhood have hardly expanded. I have had my expectation of earthly felicity; but the beams of hope can not now irradiate the gloomy confines of my solitary cell!! But a few days and my thread of life is spun! and a disgraceful and ignominious death is the reward of wickedness the most

But to return to my narrative. Shortly after I arrived in Philadelphia, I was placed at school in Germantown, where I remained about four years, under the protection of a relative, and made proficiency in those studies which are first pursued by youth. Nothing remarkable was then evinced which could afford a suspicion that I was to be doomed to the most execrable of deaths; that, raised between Heaven and earth, my soul was to take its flight to unknown regions; or that an uncommon share of infamy my foot steps. At the age of sever Years I left Germantown, and was placed under the protection of my uncle, the hon. Daniel Clarke, of N. Orleans. The great wealth and honorable distinction of my uncle served to raise me from the more ordinary paths of life, and as I advanced in years, I believed myself at liberty to tread beneath my feet, the more humble worms of the dust. For several years, kindness and plenty showered their blessing upon me and I rioted, incautious, in all the plentitude and extravagance of vice the most

odious and detestable.

My uncle, who had made me his son by a doption, endeavored to restrain me in my licentious course, and effect my return to virtuous habits. Wild and overbearing in disposi-zion and ungovernable in temper, I felt that my will was my only guide, and spurned with dis- on me with an eye dain the wholesome lessons which an affectits of his Son!!! tionate benefactor endeavored-alas! how vainly !- to impress upon the stubborn heart of an unheeding libertine! I gave loose to the zeins of every dissipation; and embraced with the utmost adoration, every shadow of human bliss, and grasped at pleasure which had no reality except in name. Thus passed the of my youth, which, had they been de voted to innocent pursuits, might have laid the foundation of a good old age; and instead of my sun "setting in the morning of my days," I might have lived to be a comfort to

my relatives! But all the promised blandishments of fortune—the golden assurances of every thing requisite to my happiness in life, if I would demert the society of wickedness-had no effect on my previous determination. Sailing in the stream of a pleasing delusion, vice at last suc ceeded to crime, and I was banished from the abode of my only benefactor and friend, and was compelled to seek, without satisfaction, that support from fortune, which the hand of affection had so liberally bestowed. The voice of my protector still followed me, with offers of forgiveness on promised amendment, which were gladly embraced, and I aga n returned to receive the welcome and embraces of my un-

Notwithstanding my promises of reformation, the sun arose to view new deeds of misconduct, and returned to the bed of Tithonus with tidings of new disgrace.-Ungrateful, I did not adhere to my pledge of future good conduct; with no other ideas than such as brought to my view the pleasures of dissipation, which to me had become as second nature, I forgot what I owed to the kindness and clemency of my benefactor and friend I will not relate the particular circumstances and acenes of my life with which I have been intimate; suffice it to say, a particular detail would chill the soul and exhaust the patience

At the age of eighteen, I left the abode of my uncle, and repaired to the city of Washington, where I was honored with an introduction to the secretary of war, through the kind agency of the hon. Jas. Brown, senator in con gress from Louisiana. I applied for the com ssion of a subaltern, and on the 3d of May 1813, received the appointment of lieutenant in the 23d regiment of infantry, at that time commanded by colonel Brown, but which was afterwards consolidated with the 6th regiment under the command of colonel Miller. ly after entering the army, I had the satisfac tion to be appointed adjutant of the regiment to which I belonged. An unfortunate occur rence, however, tended to render my situation, for a time peculiarly appleasant. Lieutenant Burr, of the same regiment, was also appointed adjutant, it is supposed through mistake an altercation consequently ensued between us, which was followed by a duel, fought at cket's Harbor in June, 1814, when we were both wounded. The consequence, however, was, that lieutenant Burr resigned his com

From the period of my commencement in the service of my country, until the time when inhabitants of this town were aroused with the the army was disbandoned, I was incessantly dreadful cry of "fire." The flames were dis-

sions. While in the army my benefactor and relative, departed this life, and a fortune which I had calculated on enjoying, was bequeathed to another; which afforded me an exemplification of the futility of our hopes, and the

vanity of earthly expectations. After the army was disbanded, I came to Philadelphia, where, alas! I met with her who is the cause of my present misery. I will not attempt to describe the arts and intrigues which were practised to induce me to take wretched fellow being, who, through guilt and which were practised to induce me to take crime the most hideous, most awful and most this evil woman to my bosom; a woman who is versed in all the wiles and machinations of that diabolical spirit which possessed the heart of the first of her race, and caused the fall of piness and felicity which are anticipated in this life, is about to depart to the world of spirits, and "make his peace with those who were before the flood!" He rests his only hope on the forbearance and all-atoning mercy of the Sa-innocent! The ways of virtue, once swerved viour of sinners. ceeded to crime till the whole heart was wrapped in guilt. Had I known the peculiar situation in which Ann Carson was placed, at the time in which I was seduced by her into the bands of matrimony, her endeavors would have proved fruitless. But with the most poignant adversity for a companion, I was led to embrace every object, and believe every assertion, which had a tendency to alleviate my condition, and point to a moment even of happiness the most ideal! I sighed and cast "Longing, lingering look behind,"

upon that happy period of life when plenty atupon that happy period of life when plenty at-tended my footsteps, and when I might have laid the foundation of a useful and virtuous Messrs, H and E. R. ymond & Co. hat manufac-

While in this dilemma of mind, the substitution of a designing and inconstant woman, who forgot the ties which connected her to who forgot the ties which connected her to advelling house; and Mr. James Heath, While in this dilemma of mind, the subtle her husband, and banished far away all those neitements which should bind her to her kinlred presented themselves before me, clothed in the garb of plausibility and seeming virtue. I suffered myself to be deceived by her incantations and for a while thought that I was in the possession of happiness. I have now found, a mad dog on the 1st of April last, on Prioleau's from bitter experience, that the extremes of happiness and misery border on each other; and that it is but a step from the height of lic no doubt have been made fully acquainted forty days, which availed nothing. He appeared with my enormous guilt; and did they know to enjoy very good health, until the day before all the circumstances which led to the murder his death, being 97 days after he was bitten. of Capt Carson, they would drop a teat credulity and folly of man, and call to their bosoms a little of that charity for the weakness of human nature, which they have hithness of human nature. of Capt Carson, they would drop a tear at the

world, and avoid the path which I have un-

exist. In obedience to the laws of my country, as well as the divine precent that "whoso sheddeth mun's blood by man shall his blood by shed," I shall shortly resign my life to Him who gave it! never more to embrue my hands in the blood of a fellow mortal—Oh! how solemn is the thought, that I must soon be of St. Sever, department of Landes. launched into eternity—and then in such a manner! Disgrace and infamy will attend my name hereafter! O' may my unhappy fate speak to the bosoms of youth, that they may avoid those temptations which have beset me and the commission of vices which inevitably lead to the blackest crimes And O! may He, who has imparted pardon to murderers, look on me with an eye of mercy, through the mer

From the Pennsylvania Republican, July 23. Mrs. ANN SMITH-ALIAS CARSON.

On Saturday morning last this lady, together with two male travelling companions, were committed to the gaol of Dauphin county Their arrests was grounded upon intelligence received from Philadelphia, from a very confi

She and her associates were discovered to be in town on Thursday and Friday last, and to be apprized of it, that I may relate it in my from their conduct and conversation, suspicions were excited that they were the persons mentioned in the intelligence from Philadelphia They were accordingly watched with care and on Saturday morning were ap-

prehended and committed to pris in.

One of them calling himself Owen D Jones drove the gig in which Mrs. Smith travelled; the other, who calls himself Nath'l. B. Burd, travelled in a gig by himself. The former drove an iron grey and the latter a bay horse, neither of them apparently very valuable. We mention the animals, because it is probable both they and the gigs were hired in Philadel-

Jones stated previously to being arrested, that he had been an officer in the same regi-ment with Richard Smith, and manifested much anxiety for his pardon Surd says he is from Norfolk, Va. he disclaims all knowledge parts of the United States. In compliance of the purpose of Jones and Mrs. Smith, and states that he fell in with them by accident a taries take the liberty of respectfully soliciting short distance from this place. On examinatine Physicians of the United States generally. tion, however, it appeared that the clothing, &c. of the three persons were distributed be- Society in the accomplishment of this importween their two trunks. Jones still persists in calling Mrs. S his sister, although she herself

We before mentioned that Jones stated he States From information, derived from an auhave suffered " for their country's good."

From the statements of a person now residing in Middletown, who saw these men as branches of science connected with the medithey passed through that place, it appears that cal profession; sensible that the collection and have not been long released from the pen-The person says Jones' real name s Elijah Borgen, and that of Burd-Dayton, and that they long since received the Governor's pardon, on the representation of of the advancement of medical science. Comthe directors of the prison. Jones has the in-itials E. D impressed upon one of his arms with Indian Ink. A pair of large pistols, a dirk and sundry files &c. were found in their

Unless bail be procured, the trio must remain in confinement until September term.

THE FIRE AT FREDERICKSBURG.

FREDERICKSBURG, Aug. 3. About 3 o'clock on Wednesday morning, the

the gratification of being presented with the rear of Dr. Carter's dwelling house, and Messrs. of Pennsylvania. The Rev. TIMOTHY ALDEN our social meetings, union is cemented by sir thanks of my commanding officer, as well as the thanks of general Gaines and others for the site the office of the Virginia Herald. Owing services which I had rendered on various occameans of giving the alarm, the flames had communicated to several buildings before a sufficient number of citizens could be assen bled to check their progress. And when they were assembled, so destitute were they of the necessary implements for pulling down houses, &c that the utmost efforts of ill-directed zeal ere ineffectual. The flames progressed slow y and steadily to the buildings fronting on the treet, and threatened the destruction of the irest portion of the town. Fortunately it had ained all night, and a heavy shower fell at hat period, which, with the calmness of the vind, and the most devoted and persevering forts of the citizens, prevented the houses or the opposit side of the street from catching.— The whole row of wooden buildings between orge street on the north, and Mr. Shultice's proof house, on the south, consisting o front tenements, with all their back build g, were consumed.

Owing to the wetness of the night, the fire ommunicated from house to house so slowly bat most of the furniture and goods were say We are happy in being able to state, that ne aggregate loss is inconsiderable. Most of ne houses were insured.

How the fire originated has not been ascer mined. No suspicion, as far as we can learn, asts of its having been the work of an incenliary; and yet it is difficult to trace it to an accidental source

The persons who were deprived of their omes on this occasion, were-Mr. Edward ory; Dr Charles L Carter, shop and dwelling ouse: Mr Peter Spilman, merchant taylor, dwelling,

CHARLESTON, July 12. Hydrophobia - A negro fellow belonging to the estate of Mrs. Menude, who was bitten by wharf, died of hydrophobia on the night of Tuesday, the 9th inst. Immediately after he was bitten, the wound was burned with caustic,

May othe s, after witnessing my untimely that washing with soap has the efficacy of the fate, guard against the seductions of the preventing the dreadful effects of canine madworld, and avoid the path which I have unuess. In 1786, a hound bit three dogs; at the ceasingly pursued I commenced my career in moment when a person endeavored to rescue vice, and have approached step by step, unto a bitch from the furious tooth of the rabid animy present infamy. Beware ve young men, mal, she was bitten, and the person was scratched and thoughtless of the wiles of the din the hand, the skin was even torn. This "strange woman," for her ways are as "the gentleman threw the bitch into a reservoir of gates of Hell going down to the Chambers of water, and washed her with plenty of soap, in leath"

But a few days longer and I shall cease to reist. In obedience to the laws of my country, s well as the divine precept that "whose days, the other two days bitten who had not been washed, went mad and were killed. The bitch experienced no harm and died of old age; her master is still in excellent health. This event happened in the parish of Vielle, cantor

> From the Aciatic Journal of March, 1816. нурворновіа,

[Cured by vinegar, communicated in a let London.] "If you were here, you would lie very much pleased with a discovery made at Unida, the capital of Fruil, a small province belonging to this republic. The discovery is this; a poor man lying under the frightful tortures of the hydrophobia, was cured by some draughts of vineg or given him by mistake, in-stead of another portion. A physician of Padua called Count Sonissa, got intelligence of it at Udina, and tried the same remedy on a patient that was bro't to the Padua Hospital, adminis tering him a pound of vinegar in the morning, another at noon, and a third at sunset, and the man was speedily and perfectly cured. I have deflused through Italy this discovery, by means of a periodical paper that I am writing, and I to the repetition of his course of in any other American college, previous eize his person, and extort from him, by violence, a pardon for Richard Smith. this astonishing remedy will have as happy a effect there as it had here, so I should be glad that the experiment will soon be tried, please God, with success."

TO MEDICAL MEN.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1. The Philadelphia Medical Society contemplates publishing, as soon as sufficient materials shall have been collected, a volume of

With a view of embodying in these Transac tions the numerous important Medical facts which may occur in the widely extended prac tice of this country, the society thought proper, by a resolution adopted at its last session with that resolution, the Corresponding Secre and especially the distant members, to aid the

Without presuming to dictate to their medidoes not affect to conceal her real name and cal brethren what subjects are most deserving attention, the Corresponding Secretaries can-not refrain from inviting the Physicians of the had been in the military service of the United United States to an attentive observation and critical investigation of the epidemical and enthentic source, it seems both he and Burd demical diseases of their country. They are and the orphan, the stranger and the distressalso desirous of obtaining information on other medical subjects, as well as on the collatera comparison of facts, resulting from well con ducted experiments, and attentive observations minutely and accurately detailed, must be an important desideratum to all who are desirous munications intended for the Society may be directed to

JOSEPH WOOLLENS, M. D. No 292, n. 3d street, or JOHN BARNES M. D. No. 275, n. 2d street,

Medical Society. *. * Editors of Newspapers and other periodical publications in the Unitad States favora ble to the progress of Medical Science, are re

quested to insert the above.

has been elected President. Mr. Alden lately made a tour through the eastern and middle States, for the purpose of soliciting donations in aid of the institution. The result of his exertions was the collection of 4,103 dollars in money, lands, books, &c. Of this sum, more than 3,000 dollars was obtained in Boston and the vicinity. The sum subscribed at Meadville was nearly 6,000, making in all about 10,000 dollars.

We have seen the first numer of a work, enti tled the Alleghany Magazine, published at Meadville, and conducted by President Alden. It is issued monthly, and will contain religious, literary, agricultural and miscellaneous infor-

OGILVIE'S ESSAYS.

Mr. Ogilvie is assiduously devoting the leiure and mental energy which returning health affords, in preparing for the press, a volume which will make its appearance in a few

The essential publicity of his pursuits, will, ne trusts, render an apology necessary, for explaining, through the medium of the press, the bject of this publication.

He has recently connected a course of lecpratorical exhibitions on the rostrum. He has delivered this course of lectures, during the

s qualified to discharge the duties of a philo-sophical lecturer, by evidence more unequive-The success that attends the opening of this sophical lecturer, by evidence more unequive-cal and direct than the favorable testimonials of any faculty or board of trustees, however intelligent and respectable.

It is the primary object of this volume to af ford this direct and unequivocal evidence.

The first-On the nature, extent, and limits of human knowledge.

The third—On moral Piction, in which he has endeavored to analyse and illustrate the nature and objects of Moral Fiction, as contradistinguished from History, Biography, and Myral Philosophy; to ascertain the rank it is sures were taken for our squadron to undertake the blockade of Pampatar, and with this chief it called on the evening of the 6th entitled to claim as a medium for illustrating the principles and inculcating the lessons of practical morality, and furnish a criterion for day morning. liscriminating fictions that are instructive and salutary from such as are useless and noxious.

It will, he trusts be admitted that the subects of these essays are fairly chosen in reference to the view, with which this volume is committed to the press: they are subjects in the highest degree interesting and important, and fitted to exercise the ingenuity and task the strength of the most penetrating and cultivated intellect: In an attempt to illustrate these subjects, (if it should attract any degree of public attention,) no elegance of diction, no splendor of declamation, no artifice of rhetoric can, in an age like this, veil superficial thinking, or, protect elementary error, from certain de-

tection and ignominious exposure.

To these essays will be annexed extracts from the orations, and a few of the specimens of criticism, which he has delivered from the

When, independent of the direct and une quivocal evidence which this volume will ex-hibit, how far he is qualified to perform the ar-duous and responsible duties of a teacher of oratory under a popular government, it is re-collected, that the style and peculiarities of his elocution have been for six years displayed on the rostrum in every part of the United States, t will be admitted, that his pretensions will be

fairly and fully before the public.

The undivided attention, which the revision and transcription of the materials for this volume exacts, will suspend his exhibitions on the rostrum, until it issues from the press. He will then deliver from the rostrum three discourses on Oratory, in Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Baltimore, and in the city of Washington, pre-vious to the repetition of his course of Lectures in any other American college, previous also to the repetition of this course, he will accom-

has the pleasure of being personally acquainted throughout the United States, are respectfully requested to give the preceding communica ion a place in their respective papers.

FROM Mr. EASTMAN'S ORATION, Pronounced in Hiram Lodge, Lexington, June 24, 5816.

"Secret as may be the springs and regulations of this greatest of societies, yet as clear as the rays of the meredian sun, are its operaions and beneficial effects on the community to Him, who will for a moment, view them with candor and an eye unjaundiced by the baneful nfluence of prejudice. Clothed in the attire of Friendship and Love, she seeks admission into private families, and if she can there be made a welcome guest, happiness is the sure result of such an entertainment."

Prudence, and Good Faith, she flies to the Senate, the Parliament and habitations of Rulers, and when they accept her proferred blessngs, and adopt her councils, Peace on earth and good will to man,' is the infallible effect. Like the lofty and widely extended oak, whose oranches afford shelter and safety to the fowls of Heaven, and shade the beasts of the field from the scorching rays of the sun, so Masonry takes under her fostering arm the widow

"Its foundation decends to the centre of creation-its bread h reaches from the northern to the southern pole-its length extends from the rising of the sun to the setting thereof-its height meets the Heavens; -Yes, it encircles all created things of time, and embraces futurity as far as thought can penetrate."

* * * * * * "Freemasonry being thus extensive, its principles, its objects, and operations being every where the same, it is obvious, that it serves to unite, in one indissoluble bond of affection, men of the most opposite tenets and of the most dis-Corresponding Secretaries of the Philadelphia tant nations, so that wherever a Mason goes he is sure to meet with a brother, a friend, and a home."

"Friendship, that sweetener of human life and terrestrial enjoyments, by whose hand the flowers of pleasure are scattered along the rugged and thorny path of life, is the legitithe army was disbandoned, I was incessantly dreadful cry of "fire." The flames were disengaged. At the capture of Fort George I had covered issuing from some out-buildings in the lished at Meadville, in the north-western part the nature and tendency of Masonry, that in

cere attachment, and pleasure is reciprocally communicated in the cheerful observance of every kind and obliging office. capacities being warmly cheriabed, shines re-fulgent on the mind, enlivens the heart, and heightens cool approbation into warm sympa-thy, and cordial tenderness."

Translated for the Democratic Press. BULLETIN No. II,

OF THE DELIVERING ARMY OF VENEZUELA. On the 3d, it was scarcely break of day when the squadron set sail for the port of Juan Griego on the northern coast of the Island of Margaretta-we had not reached the anchoring ground when a tender from the land came on oard the commanding ship with dispatches or his excellency the captain general.

Soon after arrived his excellency the general in chief, John Baptiste de Arismendi to pay him his compliments as the supreme chief of Venezuela, having been already acknowledged in that high station by the army and the in-habitants of the island

This brave general and his officers were received by the squadron with all that enthusitures on Rhetoric (accompanied by exercises asm which their brilliant proof of courage repeatedly displayed in the heroic revolution of this island justly inspire.

delivered this course of lectures, during the preceding year, for the first time, to a class of students in the college of South Carolina, and where it raised fortifications in the streets and intimated his intention of delivering the same course to successive classes, formed in other American universities.

on the heights of almost an impregnable nature, holding besides possession of the Castle Santa Rosa, but they evacuated them on the At so advanced a stage in the prosecution of night of the 2d with such precipitancy as to the design be has undertaken, it will, he con- leave behind their arms, accountrements and ceives, be proper to afford the intelligent part provisions, and retreated to the port of l'amof the public, the means of deciding how far he patar. -Our intrepid warriors on the 3d occu-

la is rapidly approaching, and our enemy encumbered with the weight of the crimes they have perpetrated in our territory, will soon be

destroyed.

The aspect of the city of Ascension shews of human knowledge.

The second—On the cardinal importance of the study of Mathematical Science, as a branch of liberal education, and as connected with the attainment of superior ability and skill in the exercise of Oratory.

The aspect of the city of Ascension suewnothing but a place evacuated by a band of barbarians. They have not left one atone upon another—the whole city has been consumed by fire, and we can safely predict that the destructive system adopted by the Spanish suewnothing but a place evacuated by a band of barbarians. They have not left one atone upon another—the whole city has been consumed by the same of the cardinal importance of barbarians. They have not left one atone upon another—the whole city has been consumed to the cardinal importance of barbarians.

object it sailed on the evening of the 6th, making its appearance before that port yester-

The enemy raises fortifications, but our operations will place him in the alternative of surrendering or perishing.
General Quarters of the city of Norte in the

island of Margaretta, May 8, 1816 JAMES MARINO, Maj. Gen.

BULLETIN, No. 111.

OF THE DELIVERING ARMY OF VENEZUELA.

On the 25th ult. the squadron set sail from the north point of Margaretta, and on the 31st at 5 P. M. anchored in Carupano opposite the

battery of Santa Rosa where the Spanish standard was fluttering.

On the morning of the 1st, the supreme chief of the republic who commands the delivering expedition, intimated to the Spanish commander to surrender the place, and in case of refusal he would take it by assault. A verabal answer in the negative was returned.

The column of disembarkation under the orders of General Marino, Gen. Piar and Col. Soublette, begun its operation windwardly on the left, and after bearing for two hours an irregular fire of little effect, the supposed impregnable heights which command the city were occupied.

The battery of Santa Rosa and the Spanish flying artillery kept up a constant action with the squadron. Gen. Piar a tacked the enemy in the rear with the greatest success, and we took both the place and forts without any

Our victory was complete, and the flight of the enemy shameful, in spite of all his advan-tages in positions, artillery and cavalry. The whole property of the Spaniards fell into our possession, as also the brig Indio Bello and schr. Fortuna, which were at anchor in the Bay. Our booty is very considerable.

P. S.—Editors of newspapers generally, hose more especially with whom Mr. Ogilvie and our communications of Maturin are expeand our communications of Maturin are expeditions by land and through Gulfo-Trieste General Quarters of Carupano, June 3, 1816, year 6th of the Independence.

In the absence of his excellency the major. general.

LOUIS DUCOURDRAY DE HOLSTEIN. Second Chief of the Staff

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 20 Carpenters and Mill Wrights, ALSO SEVERAL STONE MASONS,

Acquainted with erecting furnaces for an IRON FOUNDRY, and an experienced man capable of creeting Iron Work. Also, wanted to contract with some person or persons to cut 10,000 cords of Wood, before November next. The above work ade a welcome guest, happiness is the sure esult of such an entertainment."

"Adorned with the emblems of Justice, rudence, and Good Faith, she flies to the enate, the Parliament and habitations of Ru-August 7th, 1816.

IRONSIDES TAVERN.

THE subscriber having taken the above establishment, hopes by his attention to merit a continuation of the support that has been so liberally given to the house, particularly by JABEZ VIGUS. August 5, 1816.

Charles

Hair Cutter



Cummens,

& Wig Maker,

MAIN STREET, next door to Capt. Postlethewait's Inn, informs his customers and ladies and wait's Inn, informs his customers and ladies and gentlemen of Lexington in general, that he has just received from Philadelphia, in addition to his former assortment, some elegant Razors, which he will warrant to the purchaser, Razor Straps and Paste, elegant Tooth Brushes, Whisker Brushes, elegant Pocket Combs, Suspenders, Gloves, Eau de Cologne, Lavender, Superfine French Pomatum, Playing Cards, Best English Soaps of various qualities, elegant Dolls, (London) Military Plumes, elegant red, Antique Oil Brushes, of every description, &c. &c.—All which will be sold very low.

N. B.—A few very elegant Feather Fans. 31 "True to his charge—
"He comes, the Herald of a noisy world;
News from all nations lumb'ring at his back."

Some fellow is now engaged through the Louisville Correspondent, in abusing the people and politics of Lexington, in telling us who he thinks should represent us in Congress, and in setting forth the right of Louisville to a Branch of the United States Bank. He represents our town as on the very verge of ruin, notwithstanding the present appearance of our commercial business, and the numerous public and private improvements which are daily made. Whilst he contends that Louisville is becoming another London, though her ponds are as the Weos' left them fifty years ago-though we have not heard of a single paved street in that t wn -though her manufacturing establishments are trifling-and though she does little business, except to transport in dry seasons articles around the falls for strangers, and retail a few foreign goods. We are not ill-natured, and therefore will leave it for others to inquire whether the ponds of Louisville do not produce ague, and banish once every year, at least, a As to our politics, which seems to give so much notice in relation to the proof that will be neoffence at Louisville, we perhaps must plead guilty to the charge. We are, it is most true, during the late war, under the act of Congress,
STUBBORN DENOCHATS, and for that reason like to choose our own public servants, even twithout consulting Louisville. Perhaps for MOUNTED VOLUNTEERS, who served unthis reason too, we have not like our paighbors. this reason, too, we have not like our neighbors, electioneered with other towns to obtain a Bank, being contented to let our application rest on our own merits—though we will also admit, that possibly we too might have desired props.

Or crutches had our claims been more feeble.

This writer seems, however, to contend for that This writer seems, however, to contend for the right of Louisville to the Branch, more from what he predicts she is hereafter to be, than from what she now is. We are induced to suppose, that here the writer, like all modern prophets, will prove a false one—and that the cent-per-cent gentlemen who will rule the Bank, hereafter a steady eye to profit, at the time prekeeping a steady eye to profit, at the time present and to come, and knowing that Banks, make nore where there is little business done, and little population, will deem it most prudent to fix the Branch where there is much population for the Branch where there is much population. Those muster rolls were transmitted about the process of the process o whenever Louisville answers to the predictions of its friend, it will then be time to establish indubitable proof that can be made in relation a Branch there, even to the exclusion of Lex- to the horses that were lost on that campaign ington, but for the present, a man of common —the sum each horse was valued to on the outsense would as soon think of placing the mountain the Bank at the city of Richmond, or of send
The sum each horse was valued to on the outsense would as soon think of placing the mountain the sum each horse was valued to on the outsense would as the large of the owner. ing a Branch to the wilds of the Missouri.

The 13th of August, 1798!

On Thursday last, a number of the republicant of 1798, assembled at Mr. Dunlap's on the Boonsborough road, to celebrate the day when the citizens of this neighbourhood FIR3T met to oppose the ALIEN'S SEDITION BILLS, and the other measures of Mr. Adams's administration. A number of Ladies also attended, who amused themselves be substantial proof of the loss of brees upon that by dancing. Charles Care, Esq. was appointed campaign, as those contained in the muster President, and John Starks, rolls to which I allude, and to which I beg Esq. Vice-President- After dinner, the following leave to refer you. They are, I am informed, toasts were drank, which met with the unanimous now in the office of the pay-maser-general of approbation of the company.

TOASTS:

The mustering and valuation of the horses into the service of the United States, as well as the proofs exhibited at Limestone in relation to those that were lost on the campaign, was who remonstrated when the constitution all done very much under my (wn notice, was violated by the Alien and Sediton That I have no hesitation to say theutmost re-

(6 cheers - Hail Columbia The Legislature of Virgina and Kentucky—To their noble exertions are we had been lost on that campaign, let t also be indebted for the overthrow of an administration which threatened alike the constitution and liberty of the people.

(6 cheers—Liberty Tree.

The oppressed of all countries who have taken refuge in this—Peace and weeks in an enclosure which (from this great happiness to them unmolested by alien number) soon became very bare of food to sub-

WS.
6 cheers—The Exile's Welcome
The memory of George Nicholas—
sist upon.—That during all this time hey did not receive one grain of forage. It ill not seem strange that so many of them diedof hun-An able advocate of the constitution ger, and mired in the swamps on the side of Sandusky Bay, where they were inclosed—while those that survived became externely of it when violated by federal misrule.

(Drank standing and uncovered—Dead March)

The memory of John Breckinging and in which there was no forage to be of it when violated by federal misrule.

The cloquent and undauated patriot, who, in the worst of times was on the side of the constitution and the country.

(Drank standing and uncovered—Dead March.)

The freedom of the Press—The indigmant rejection of the attempt to shackle

The interval of the states.

I must request the favour of you to acknowledge.

nant rejection of the attempt to shackle I must request the favour of you to acknowlit by the sedition law, affords a new gua-edge the receipt of this letter as early as onrantee of this true palladium of civil lib- venient, and that you will be pleased to

The republican principles which brot ise the payment for the horses lost by he JEFFERSON into flower—They are still mounted militia, who served under my conmand to Canada in the year 1813. dear to the hearts of freemen : Kentucky was the first to advance them, she will be the last to abandom them.

(12 cheers—Jefferson's March.)

The war—Glorious in its issue to the republican character of our countryblighting to the prospects of federal op-

(12 cheers-Yankee Doodle-) The Mentucky Fair. (12 cheers—Come haste to the Wedding.)

WOLUNTEER.

6th ult. and have delayed replying to it til I had ascertained whether the rolls of Colonel George Walker and Major William Trigg to State of Indiana—In the late struggle which you refer, were to be found on the fiest patriotic and firm—may she flourish and of the Office of the Pay-Master. I have received the respected among the other states in the respected among the respecte

Election Returns-(Continued.)

the union.

7th District-George Robinson, Esq.

8th District-R. C. Anderson, Esq. 9th District-Tunstall Quarles,

enable claimants to make out their cases in the most regular and explicit forms, by obbe very much facilitated. But in the cases of those to whom your letter alludes, the taking of separate ceruficates in each, will be unne cessary, as I have before me an authentic copy of Maj. Trigg's roll.

Be assured that I am not disposed to inter-

pose unessential forms to delay, or defeat the retribution intended by the government to the sufferers in the late arduous war.

With the sentiments of the greatest respect, and consideration, I am, Sir, your most obe-

dient servant. RICHARD BLAND LEE.

New-Your, August 3.

A noble enterprize.—It is reported and believed that a distinguished barrister of this city. ogether with captain Bunker of the steampacket Fulton, have resolved to cross the Atantic to England, and proceed thence to Rusia in the new steam-boat -This grand under aking, we understand, is in fulfilment or acce of a contract offered to Mr. Fulton by the Emperor of Russia, allowing him the exclusive navigation of Steam-boats in the Russian empire for 25 years. As the vessel is built as substantial and strong as a sloop of war, ittle or do doubt is entertained by naval men if the principality of the attempt. We are dehighted with the prospect of a Steam Boat pro-pelled across the Atlantic Ocean, by Amer-icans, "the first." There is no doubt of the expedition; it is determined; and, since rumor is busy on the subject, we make free to mention that Mr. Corner is the gentleman alluded to.

[Columbian.

Copy of aer from wederner Shelby to Richard Bland Lee, Commissioner of Claims, and

Sir—Having seen in the public prints, your notice in relation to the proof that will be ne-

best proof that can be adduted in support of the claims for lost horses, it will amount al-

most to a complete denial of justice, to compel

the owners after a lapse of thee years to make

liance may be placed on the muster olls aforesaid, as exhibiting the best proofs vhich can be made in relation to the lost horses &c.

If it should be thought that too may horses

upwards of 500 miles on a forced march to meet

the enemy—the greatest part of the vay with-out forage—that the men were then disnounted

by order of general Harrison, and crosed over

me whether the proofs contained on the ma-ter rolls aforesaid are not sufficient to authr-

With very great respect, Your most obedient servan

OFFICE OF CLAIMS, &c.

Sin-I duly received your letter of he

Washington August 2d, 1816. His Excellency, ISAAC SHELBY,

Governor of the State of Kentucky.

ISAAC SHELBY

I have the honour to be,

RICHARD BLAND LEE, Esq.
Commissioner of Claims, &c.

FRANKFORT, K. July 6.

the answer thereto.

SAVANNAH, July 30, It is reported that some Carthagenian privateers have threatened to take possession of A melia Island, and make it a depot for their pri Its contiguity to the Bahama passages the facility with which small vessels can leave the port with almost any wind, the ease with which the fine harbor of Fernandina may be fortified, and the short distance within which naval stores can be had at any extent, render the position better calculated for infesting the Spanish West-Indies, than any other in the do-minions of Spain. If the Carthagenians take the place, and use prudent means to retain it, they will do much towards the Independence of their country. The Dutch privateers, it will peremembered, were one of the principal inducements in forcing Spain to acknowledge. the Independence of the United Provinces.

A Dutch ship sailed from Amsterdam for New-York on the 11th of June, having on board FOUR HUNDRED and FIVE Swiss passengers.

ENGLAND AND ALGIERS.

Boston, July 31. Capt. Snow, who arrived here yesterday from Halifax, informs, that the papers of that place of the 20th inst. contained an official account of the renewal of hostilities between Algiers and Great Britain; and of the capture of three English vessels by the Algerines. The following article from an English pa-

per of the 10th June, corroborates this report LONDON, June 10:

Information has this moment been received Information has this moment been received at Liorn's from P. C. Turfea, Esq. his Majesty's Consul General at Barcelona and Agent for Lloyd's, dated the 29th May, announcing—That on the 16th May an English brig, loading at Oran, was seized by the Moors, and, with the English Vice-Consul, the captain and crew, sent to Algiers, by orders from thence; that on the 17th and 18th two Calvaltar was that on the 17th and 18th, two Gibraltar ves-sels shared the same fate; and that eleven Spanish vessels at Oran, expecting a Similar doom, had hastily left the place, and that three of them had arrived at Carthagena, and were the heralds of the above news. Mr. Tuppen "From the above intelligence it is the general opinion in this city, that the Algerine are cruizing against our vessels, all which par ticulars I have communicated to all my Vice-Consuls on the coast, and desired them not to despatch any ship's papers until further information is received, unless the Captains insist thereon at their own risk : in which case to give you advice of the particulars of the vessel, cargo, &c. The measure, although without instructions relative to this unforseen event, will, I flatter myself, be approved by Lloyd's,

Lisbon, dated June 12th, which say, "Advices from respectable sources in the Mediterranean, state, that Algiers has made war on the English, and captured two or three English ves

London, June 11. The duchess of Parma, Maria Louisa, Has an accredited minister at Paris, although her Duchy is not recognized in the royal almanac. A very extensive scheme of forgery has late-ly been executed, by which the bankers in town and in different parts of England have been de frauded to a very great amount. The amount, of bills thus fabricated is differently stated, from 50,000l. to 100,000l. and some say, to double the latter sum; but the extent cannot yet be ascertained. June 17.

A private letter dated Paris 7th, states "that the wives of the crown prince of Sweden and of Joseph Bonaparte, who are sisters and whose maiden names were Clary, who were still in this capitol, have received a notice to quit Paris, as belonging to the family of Bonaparte, according to the law of amnesty, which banishes the relations of that family forever

from France.' Didier's execution has taken place.—He en-deavoured, throughout his interrogatories and trial, to throw perplexity and dismay into the minds of his judges and of government. He stated, that he was but one of twenty-four commissaries appointed by a great Power to promote the interest of the cause for which he was hies, a deputy pay master.

However, it appears to me that the roll of Maj. Trigg, is sufficient to establish the actual losses of the Volunteers under your companies.

After making this apparent or real confession, which he observed to be not dictation. mand on the Canadian expedition—and that all that will be necessary now to be done, is, that that will be necessary now to be done, is, that the claimants, or in case of their death, that the claimants, or in case of their death, that the claimants, or in case of their death, that the claimants, or in case of their death, that the place of the Hon. James Clark, resigned—and David Trimble, Esq. to the next Conserved—and their lead to this judges the immediate execution of the sentence awaiting him, lest a short interval elapsing, such a revolution in thing might occur as to put him in their place, and them in their mand on the Canadian expedition—and that all ted by any desire to court the elemency of the horse, each claimaint must further swear, that vents, alarming as they were, would appear to be has not recovered the same.

Messrs. Lows & Wallach, Attornies in this alluded to by Didier is conjectured to be either

place, are employed in most of the cases Austria or Bavaria. It is certain that the mili-brought before me, and are every way trust-tary arrangements and general dispositions of those powers, but particularly the latter, over I inclose to you copies of the notices which which Prince Eugene is known to have so dehave been deemed necessary by the Executive Government from this office. These will ness to the French Court. Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Avover 1st, 1816.

GENERAL ORDER.

Preparatory to forming a list of army officers, conformably to a resolution of Congress, passed April 27, 1816, the STATE and COUNTY in which each commissioned officer was born, will forthwith be exported to this office. By order,

21 D. PARKER, Adj. & Ins. Gen.

20,000 Acres of Land, FOR SALE.

WILL be sold for Cash in hand at PUBLIC AUCTION, before the door of the state-house in the town of Frankfort, on the 21st day of OC-TOBER next, so much of two tracts of Land, con-TOBER next, so much of two tracts of Land, containing together 20,000 acres, which is situated in the county of Boone, and which was conveyed by John Fowler and wife to Henry Banks, by deed, which is of record in the office of the Fayette as well as of the general court, as will be sufficient to raise the sum of two thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the 1st day of January, 1816, until payment, together with the incidental costs & charges. This sale is in virtue and pursuance of a deed executed by the said Henry Banks to the subscriber, which bears date on the 2d day of November, 1814, and which is of record in the General Court; in which deed certain reservations of several small parcels out of the said two tracts are contained, and which are not liable to sale for the purpose afore-

parcers out of the said two tracts are contained, and which are not liable to sale for the purpose aforesaid; and which deed further provides that the sale of the said lands, shall be made in tracts not to exceed the quantity of 500 acres in any one—In conformity with which several stipulations and reservations, the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree executed to the provides are the said land will be sold and a convey agree of the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and a convey agree that the said land will be sold and sold will be sold and the said land will be sold and sold w annee executed to the purchaser by the subscriber, as trustee for the said Henry Banks.

ISHAM TALBOT.

Frankfort, August 8, 1816.

Take Notice,

Pursuant to a joint order of the County Court of Fayette, we shall attend with the commissioners appointed by said court, to establish the corners, and re-mark the lines of the following tracts of land: Two surveys of Griffin Taylor's, one 660 acres, the other 450 acres; each tract being a part of Angush M'Donald's military survey of 2000 acres,—also, a tract of Thomas Sthreshly's, being a part of the said military survey: and three tracts of Benjamin Berry's, two in M'Donald's, and one in Peaches' military surveys. We shall meet with the commissioners at the beginning corner of G. Taylor's 660 acres survey near to Capt. B. Berry's fence, on the 10th day of September next, between the hours of ten and two o'clock of that day, and continue from day to day, until all the business is fintinue from day to day, until all the business is fin-

E. MILTON agt. for GRIFFIN TAYLOR, THOS. STHRESHLY, BENJAMIN BERRY.

Public Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a deed of trust, executed by Bartholomew Blunt to the subscriber, to secure to him the payment of \$4093 45 cents, he will on the 5th day of September next on the premises, expose to sale at public auction for ready money in hand, the ROUSE & LOT OF GROUND in said deed of trust mentioned on Main street, in the town of Lexington, between the house of John P Schatzel & Co. and the house of William Huston, running back half way to Short street for a term of years sufficient to pay said debt half for a term of years sufficient to pay said debt; bu if said house and lot will not sell for sufficient upo a lease for years to pay said sum of money, then o on the same day and at the same place, all the he said house and lot, so far as it is conveyed aid deed of trust, will be sold for what it will br ready money. The sale will commence at clock. STEPHEN CHIPLEY August 17, 1816.

$FOUR\ DAYS\ MORE!$

THE SUBSCRIBER informs the Merchants of this place, that he will positively close the sales of his

SILK GOODS

on Thursday the 22d inst. until which time great bargains may be had, as he will sell at reduced prices for cash, or on a liberal credit. He still has a general assortment on hand, which he will sell by wholesale only; consisting of Levantines, Florences, Lutestrings, Plaid Silk, Wash do do Satins, Virginias, Crapes, Gauzes, 6-4 Silk Lace, Senchaws, Sarscnetts, Florentine, Linen Cambricks, Black Silk and Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Levantine, Demask and Serged Shawls, Mens' and Womens' Silk Hose, do. and do. Silk, Beaver and Kid Gloves, will, I flatter mysen, to are and also by ship owners.

"I am, truly, your obedient humble servant, "P. C. TUPPER, &c. Ribbands, &c. &c. &c. M. J. NOUVEL. Lexington, August 19, 1816. 34*It 34°1t

John Nerton, DRUGGIST,

TAKEN UP by the subscriber, living on the Frankfort road, Wolf run, 3 miles from Lexington, Pocket and Key Instruments, Scarificators, Spring and Crown Lancistons Spring and Crown Lanciscon L tors, Spring and Crown Lancets, Scales and Weights, &c. Physicians, Merchants and the public, will be supplied on the lowest terms, wholesale or retail. He has on hand 2000lb. Stone Ochre, which he will sell low for cash. August 17, 1816.

CARDING & FULLING [At Royle's Factory, on the Frankfort road, on mile from Lexington.]

Wool carded at 6d. per pound. Also, Fulling and finishing Cloths, Linseys, &c in the best manner, at all times, having water the

For Sale,

A quantity of very strong coarse Sattinets, very suitable for Negroes clothing, and some Woolen THOMAS ROYLE.

500 Dollars Reward!!

SCAPED from prison in Chillizothe, state of Ohio, on the night of the 4th of June last, JAMES ESSEX, alias JAMES ESSEX CROSBY STERLING. He is about 30 years of age, five feet seven inches high, of a fair complexion, thin visage,

light hair, large eyes, Roman nose, large whis-kers; by trade a clothier, can work at carding, or any employment in manufactories, and is also expert at the sword exercise and boxing. He was born in Warwickshire, in England, and it is believed came within the last year from Canada to this state.

The said JAMES ESSEX alias JAMES

ESSEX CROSBY STERLING was committed to jail last January, on a charge of robbing the mail of the United States. His partner, who calls himself THOMAS NOBLE, alias THO MAS W. NOBLE is now in prison, on a charge of robbing the mail at the same time. The above reward will be given for his apprehen-sion, and delivery, or confinement in any jail of the United States, so that he can be brought

Marshal of Ohio Distric Zanesville, Ohio, July 25, 1816. 34-6 (F) Those printers who are employed to publish the laws of the U.S. are requested to give this advertisement one insertion a week or six weeks successively, and forward their bills to this office for payment.

A great Bargain.

Wish to discose of my road WAGGON & five excellent HORSES, all in good order, with all the gear and other apparatus. —I will give a liberal credit and take a moderate price. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, four miles south of Nicholasville.

H. KING. August 12, 1816. 34-3

Partnership Dissolved.

The partnership of FRY & CARSON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted to the firm are requested to come forward and pay their respective balances; and those having demands against them, to bring forward their accounts for settlement. accounts for settlement.

JOHN FRY, W. CARSON

August 1, 1816.

STRAYED

FROM Mrs. Moore's near Lexington, about three weeks since, a CHESNUT SORREL HORSE, no marks, save some saddle spots. Whoever has taken him, leaving him at Dr. Overton's shop, shall be rewarded.

KENTUCKY, set.

ANDREW KINKEAD, Deft.

CAMPBELL CIRCUIT COURT-July Term, 1816. JOHN FOWLER, Complainant, In Chancery.

THIS day came the complainant by his attor-I ney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, by the affidavit of witnesses, that the defendant Andrew Kinkead is not to be found at his usual place of abode, so as to be served with process; therefore it is ordered, on the motion of the complainant, that unless the said defeudant, Andrew Kinkead, appear here on or before the first day of our next Oc-tober term, and answer the complainant's bill, and enter into bond and security to perform the decree of this court that the complainant's bill will be taken for confessed against him. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised news-pa-

A copy. Test, 34-8 THOS W. KAVANAUGH, D. C.

KENTUCKY, sct.

per printed in this state.

CAMPBELL CINCUIT COURT-July Term, 1816 JOHN FOWLER. Complainent, against Harris' Heirs, &c. Defts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Lucy Smith, Thomas Harris and Matilda his wife, late Matilda Harris, Francis Harris and the several unknown heirs of John Harris, deceased, and the several unknown heirs of Mary Woodson, deceased, late Mary Harris, are not inhabitants of this commonwealth; therefore in the mation of the commonwealth; wealth; therefore on the motion of the com-plainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that uness the said defendants do appear here on or before the first day of our next October term, and answer the complainants bill, the same will be taken for confessed against them. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorised paper in this commonwealth for eight weeks successively.

A Copy Teste. 34-8 THOS: W. KAVANAUGH, D. C.

Kentucky. sct.

CAMPBELL CIRCUIT COURT-July Term, 1816. John Fowler, Complainant,

wm. Rust, Vincent Rust, David Rust, John Rust, Thos. Birdwhistle, Elizabeth his wife, Robert Rust, James Rust and Alexander Rust, Enoch Rust, Mancy Rust and James Rust, infant heirs of Enos Rust, dec defendants,

T appearing to the satisfaction of the court that James Rust is not an inhabitant of ihis commonwealth; therefore on the complainant's motion, it was ordered, that unless he appear here on or before the first day of our next October court, and answer the complainants bil, that the same will be taken for confessed against him. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order he forthwith inserted in some authorised newspaper in this state, for eight weeks successively

A copy. Teste. 4..8 THOS. W. KAVANAUGH. D. C.

Stray Cow.

RED COW,

with her CALF. The cow has a half crop in both ears. The owner can get her by proving property, paying charges, and taking her away.

WILLIAM DOUGLASS. August 17.

Jessamine County, sct.

AKEN up by Sterling Crowder, living at the Vineyard, on the Kentucky river, a SORREL MARE, with a blaze face and a small snip ou her nose, both hind feet white, about six years old, about fourteen hands high. Appraised to 25 dollars.

A Copy. Test.
JOHN METCALF, J. P. J C.
May 1, 1816. 34-3

Fayette County, Set. TAKEN up by Joseph Rutherford living in Fayette county on the Hickman-road, one SORREL HORSE, about 6 years old, about 15 hands high, a white ring round each ear, branded on the near shoulder thus S, his hind

feet white, a small star; appraised to \$40 before me this 5th June, 1816.

34-3* SAMUEL BLAIR, J. P.

TAKEN up by Henry Maxey, living on South Elkhorn near Higbee's mill, in Fayette county, one GREY HORSE, seven or eight years old, fifteen hands one inch high, nicked tail, a dark spot on his left side. Appraised to 30 dollars before me.

MATTHEW ELDER. July 15, 1816.

TOBACCO.

THE subscriber wishes to engage a few HUNDRED HOGSHEADS of the ensuing crop of TOBACCO, for which the highest price will be given.

JOHN W. HUNT. July 11, 1816.

WANTED TO HIRE, A good House Servant. Inquire of the Printer.

CONSTABLES BLANKS, For sale at this office.

Green and Adair-William Owens.

It lives, it reigns-" aye! every inch a king! Charles to his people-Henry to his wife-In him the double tyrant starts to life.

The blood and dirt of both to mould a George.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.

grateful acknowledgments to the ladies and gentlemen of Lexington, for the encouragement with whole containing 200 feet front on Water which they have been pleased to honor him; and treet, and upwards of 90 feet on Spring street, respectfully informs them and those who would wish to acquire the French Language, that he containing 200 feet on Spring street, and upwards of 90 feet on Spring street, this ground will be so divided as to make Seven Lots, of about 29 feet each, but if more agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger to the seven Lots of about 29 feet each, but if more agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger to the containing 200 feet front on Water whole containing 200 feet on Spring street, and upwards of 90 feet on Spring street.

Market street.

Mr. D. takes the liberty of assuring those ladies and gentlemen who may favour him with their confidence, that his method which is founded upon grammatical principles and professional experience, is plain, easy, and well calculated for the understanding of the youngest person, which is sufficiently proven by the improvements of his present and former pupils.

Apply to WILLIAM MACBEAN, or JOHN WRIGGLESWORTH.

than 16 years; and he assures those parents and guardians who will place confidence in him by puting their children under his care, as boarders, that the strictest attention will constantly be paid to their manners, as well as their improvement in the THE Subscriber has lately enlarged his es

Just Received & For Sale, ONE Box assorted Looking Glasses

3 Bags Green Coffee 1 Keg Raisins

2 Tierces assorted China Ware
A small assortment of Hardware
1 ditto ditto of Dry Goods

1 ditto ditto 1 ditto Ginger 1 Ditto Glue,

1 Ditto Allspice 1 Keg Wrought Nails 2 Barrels Madeira Wine

A few Boxes Claret of the first quality

A small quantity of Swedish Iron

The above articles will be sold low, if applied for immediately, to

S. C. DORTIC, At W. Mentell's. July 28-31

ANDREW STAINTON,

or sale of produce and merchandise, or any other business, in the Commission line, he flatters himself his long experience, and extensive acquaintance, will enable him to serve in the best manner, all those who may please to favor him with their commands.

Lexington, July 9th, 1815.

28—tf

The Partnership of I. &E. Woodruff is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm, are requested to call and settle them. Lexington, June 22, 1816.

JAMES BERTHOUD & SON, to ha date. SHIPPINGPORT.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OFFER FOR SALE New-Orleans sugar by the hhd. or barrel, Rew-Orleans sugar by the n Queensware in Crates, Best Coniae Brandy, Port Wine in quarter casks, Madeira Wine, ditto, ditto, Amsterdam Cordiais, Molasses in Demijohns, Fruits, in Boxes.

Fruits in Boxes, Orange Juice, Macarel in barrels, Salmon in Kegs, Best Green Coffee, Rosin and Copperas,

Logwood, Lead and Shot, &c. &c. July 14.

30-3t

Allen & Grant,

Inform their friends in the Western Country, that ables him to furnish they have removed to the Ware-house lately occupied by G. & C. Anshutz From the superior conveniencies of their Ware-house, and its proximity to the river, the Merchants of Kentucky will find it to

their advantage to consign to them. Pittsburgh, May 6.

ALEXANDER PARKER & SON Have just received from Philadelphia in addition their former assortment, and now opening a eir Store on Main street, opposite the Cour

A VERY GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF French, British & India

Goods, Also-A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES,

Which they will sell by Wholesale or Retail on the most reduced prices for Cash. June 4, 1816.

TO WOOL AND COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber has two Wool Carding Machine just finished for sale, also two Throstles of 108 spindles each, 3 Engines for Carding Cotton, a Roving frame of 12 Cans, 2 Drawing frames of 3 heads ving frame of 12 Cans, 22 Drawing frames of 3 heads each, a Reel, &c. &c. These Machines will be warranted to perform as well as any ever made in this country, and not inferior to those made in the eastern states; they will be sold altogether or separatel, for Cash at 6, 12, 18, & 24 months, or for young Negroes, or Whisky, Bacon, Bees-Wax and Tallow, &c. &c. &c.

Tallow, &c. &c. &c.
THOMAS STUDMAN. Lexington, April 28th, 1816.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO THE LADIES.

THE Lexington Manufacturing Company are de irous of obtaining a quantity of fine bleached Lines and Cotton RAGS, which are necessary to enable The following lines, (says a Baltimore paper, were circulated in London some time since, in manuscript only, and were imputed to lord Byron; it is said they excited so much indignation in the prince regent, that he contemplated bringing the matter before the house of lords, and punishing the supposed author by expulsion. It was found difficult, however, to obtain evidence of the fact that lord Byron was the author. The author supposes the prince regent to be seen standing between the tombs of Henry VII. and Charles I. in Westminster abbey.

Served for the house of lords, and punishing the supposes the prince regent to be seen standing between the tombs of Henry VII. and Charles I. in Westminster abbey.

Famed for their civil and domestic quarrels,
Here heartless Henry lies—their headless
Charles;
Between them stands another sceptered thing;
It lives, it regns—" aye! every inch a king!"

Limin oney, and greatly and the important manufactories of your state.
Six Cents in money will be paid for fine bleached Linen or Cotton Rags—and a price in proportion for coarser quality, or for tow male from flax or hemp.
Apply at the Lexington Manufactory or to
J. & T. G. PRENTISS.
Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

For Sale

Justice and death have mixed their blood in vain,

The royal Vampines rise to breathe again,
What then can tombs await, since these dis-

Inquire of the Printer. June 28, 1816.

For Sale,

Seven lots on Water Street, beginning below STEPHEN H. DESFORGES, returns his Bradford & Bowles Steam Mill, to the corner

JOHN WRIGGLESWORTH. June 20, 1816.

SOAP & CANDLE FACTORY.

language

Mr. D. will also give private lessons to those lawill now be enabled to supply the public by dies and gentlemen who may wish it, at their own wholesale and retail, with prime SOAP of evenouses.

S1-3

Lexington, July 23, 1816. in the United States—and with the best in the United States - and with the best DIPPED & MOULD CANDLES.

Commissaries, Contractors, and Merchants who may purchase those articles either for the foreign or home markets, or those who want them for domestic use, will find it to their nterest to call on him, or to give him their orders, which will be promptly attended to, and faithfully executed.

JOHN BRIDGES,
Corner of Water and Main Cross Streets, next
door to Mr. Bradford's Steam Mill and Cot ton Factory, Lexington.

The highest cash prices given for TALLOW, to call and examine for themselves. HOGS LARD, KITCHEN GREASE, Ashes Lexington, May, 18.

& Pot Ashes, at the above factory.
41 October 10, 1814

Brass Foundry.

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

As opened an assortment of Merchandise, as the commodious brick building on Main street, nearly opposite Mr. Lewis Sanders's Domestic Warehouse, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms for cash, country produce, plank, senuting, &c. The subscriber informs his friends and the try produce, plank, scantling, &c.

Having rented Mr. Sanders's Steam Mill, at the lower end of Water-street, he is in want of Wheat and shelled Corn—She is now grinding and the highest price will be given, delivered at the Mill, for these articles. In the purchase or sale of produce and merchandise, or any

are requested to call and settle them without delay, as the Subscribers are anxious to have their accounts all settled up to this I. &. E. WOODRUFF. Lexington, July 9. 28-tf



Stills for Sale.

The Subscriber has on hand, Stills of different sizes and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash. He has lately received from Commission Merchants, Pittsburgh, sell low for cash. He has lately received in the Philadelphia a quantity of Copper, which en-

TINNING BUSINESS.

as usual .-Two or three JOURNEYMEN TINNERS would be employed, to whom the highest wages will be given.

M. FISHEL Lexington, Feb. 12th, 1816.

7—tf

CASH Will be given for a

NEGRO BOY OR MAN. Of good character, acquainted with driving a Carriage, and taking care of Horses.

Inquire of the Printer. May 24, 1816

Lincoln County, to wit.

TAKEN UP by Michael Cloyd, Liucoln county Haning Fork, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 hands 3 inches high, no brands, a small white on his right and foot, shod all round—appraised to \$60, before ne, this 24th of October, 1815.

EDWARD LACKEY, J. P. 33--3p

Lincoln County, to wit. TAKEN UP by Robert King living in said county on the South Fork of Green River, a Brown Mare, about fourteen and an half hands high, six years old, the hair on her shoulders is marked with a collar, and is highot in the off hip, appraised to twenty-five dollars, before me, this 6th day of May, 1816.

Strayed

Two or three apprentices to the Tanning and Currying business, will be taken, on application to the subscribers—boys from 15 to bring him to Oliver Keen's livery stable in Lexing ton, shall be rewarded.

A LOGAN & SON.

Lexington, July 13, 1816.

OLYMPIAN SPRINGS.

This establishment is now in proper order ecception of visitors. The arrangements s will render the situation of those who

MINERAL WATE

James Garrison, Respectfully informs the Ladies and Ger Lexington and its vicinity, that he has c

Seltzer and Soda Wate at his Apothecary's Store on Main stree doors below Mill street.—Having provided with plenty of fee, he will be enabled to those waters equal to any in the sea-port to 19tf Lexington, May 2,

Dissolution of Partners

THE FIRM OF Parker & Grave

IS THIS DAY dissolved by mutual coall debts due to or from the rate concersettled by William W. Graves

JAMES P. PARKER.

WILLIAM W GRAVES Lexington, April 11, 1816.

William W Graves,

In addition to the late stock, is just receiving a fresh supply of MERCHANDISE, suitable for the esent and approaching seasons, consisting of-D v Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Glass & Salso & Wines & Young Hyson & China Brandy & Imperial

NEW & CHEAP GOODS

J. B. BORLAND. (No. 47, Main Street Lexington,) Has just received and opened an extensive assortment of

FRESH DRY GOODS. Among which are the following articles: BROAD CLOTHS & CASSIMERS, great variety of CALICOES, AMBRICS,

Satin, Stripe, Corded and Figured do. Plain, Book and Leno MUSLIN, Figured do. do. do. Elegant worked muslin ROBES, Variety Ginghams
Do. HANDKERCHIEFS,

Do. HANDREIGHIEFS,
Do. 4 qrs. IRISH LINE NS,
5 qrs. do. SHEETINGS,
Plain and changeable SILKS,
Good assortment RIBBONS, VESTINGS, DIMITIES, Furniture DIMITIES, Silk and Cotton HOSIERY, Silk and Kidd GLOVES, SATINNETTS, VIGONETS, domestic MICK. sams and SHIRTINGS, a variety of FANCY ARTICLES, &c. &c.

The above goods were purshased in New York at the lowest Cash prices, and will be sold low--purchasers are respectfully invited

Downing & Grant, Have just received from Philadelphia and Balti more, and are now opening at their store of Short-street, (between Mill and Main Cross

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING Teas, Chocolate, Almonds,

Figs, Cold Struck, Coll, Ginger, Mace, Cloves, Allspice, Black Pepper, Scots & Snuff New-England Cheese, Salt, Shad, Herrings, Wash Balls, Nutmegs, Allum,

Shaving Soap, Pipes, Wooden Cocks, Overalls, Copperas, Brimstone, WINE, BRANDY, JAMAICA SPIRITS WHISKEY. Flax Seed Oil, Window Glass, Paper for rooms, 8c. &c. All of which they will sell very low for 50 bars Brushes of every kind, Spanish Whiting, Putty,

House and sign Painting, Papering and Glazing 10 bare They wish to sell or rent their Oil Mill in Lex-gton. Nov. 25, 1815. 48-tf

NEW GOODS. CHEAP FOR CASH.

E. WARFIELD

Has just received from Philadelphia, and is mow opening at his Store, Main-street, Lexington, an elegant assortment of Merchandise, which he is determined to sell low, wholesale or retail for Cash—he has fresh Teas, and many India goods that have been very scarce for some time past.—such as Senshaws, Lute-strings, Sursuckers, India Mulls. plain and figured China ware, &c &c together with an elegant assortment of fancy goods, suitable to May 10, 1816.

For Sale, A COMPLETE SET OF

BLACKSMITHS TOOLS

Three heading tools for Nails, an elegant pair of Shears for cutting Nails, also one large pair of Scales, the beam being one of the best in this country. Inquire of JAMES GARRISON. Lexington, May 2, 1816. Tobacco Wanted.

Will advance Merchandise at the lowest

Will advance Merchandise at the lowest cash prices, to any of my acquaintance, on account of their present crop of Tobacco, to be delivered in the leaf at the Manufactory of RAISINS, by the box, or by the pound, Mr. Henry Kelly in Lexington, and I will allow the highest price at time of delivery.

AND. STAINTON

AND. STAINTON

Coughs,

DURABLE INK,

RAISINS, by the box, or by the pound, An elegant and cheap set of CHINA, An assortment of QUEENS' WARE.

FIDDLES, and FIDDLE STRINGS, superior quality.

Wool Carding.

Merino and Common Wool Carding in Superier Style and on the usual terms at San. ders, 21-2 Miles from Lexington, by LEWIS SANDERS. Lexington, May 28, 1815.

which he will sell with or without frames, to suit his customers. He expects in a few weeks to go to the eastern states, to be absent from this state three or four months in which time his shop will be carried on by Messrs. A. Cook and Charles Clark, who will give every atten-tion to those who may please to call on them for business, orders from a distance will also be strictly attended to.

N. B. He also has for Rent, an excellent up-per Room, suitable for a School, with desks and seats complete Lexington, July 10, 1816.

Machine Making

The subscriber wishes to inform the public that be still continues to carry on the above business at bis old stand on Water-street, and is now able from his improved method of working and having superior workmen, to execute work in the best manner, either for Wool, Cotton, Hemp, or Flax, and on short notice—as to the quality of work I can refer them to Benj Parish, in Lexington; Landen Lindsay, in Versailles; W. & Robert Garvise, in Shelbyville, or James Taylor in Lancaster. JOHN MARSH.

JOHN MARSH.

J I shall have by the 15th of July, ready for sale, one complete set of Cotton Machines, consisting of one Double Throstle of 108 spindles, with suitable preparations, and of the best quality.

All kinds of Whitesmith's work done.

27-30 Lexington, June 28, 1816. SUGARS.QUEENSWARE.

WINES, &c.

The subscribers daily expect by the arrival of their Barge SUPERIOR, at Louisville, the following GOODS, being the entire cargo, which they will sell in lots to suit purchasers, at a very mode-

ate suvance, viz 80 hhds. bright New Orleans Sugar 25 quarter casks London Particular Wine 50 boxes Medoc Claret 50 ditto St.Julian ditto

5 pipes red Port Wine

20 boxes Hermitage Wine, (12 bottles each) 20 ditto Clampaigne ditto ditto 10 pipes real Coniac Brandy,

20 boxes Martinique & Amsterdam Cordials 10 kegs Gange Juice 13 barrel Molasses

10 boxesOlive and Sallad Qil, 12 boxes Anchovies, Capers and Olives 20 barres Mackerel, No. 1

50 kegs superior Scotch Herrings 50 kegs superior Scotch Herrings 50 kegs ckled Salmon 5 barrl Almonds 50 boxs sresh Muscatel Raisins,

60 do filo Prunes 7 boxs Parmezan Cheese, 35 do Spanish Segars 12 hanpers Porter Bottles 50 bags Corks (500 each)

50 barels Rosin, 100 craes Queensware, 2 do Glazed Coffee Pots, BY THE BARGE CINCINNATI,

13 hkis. New Orleans Sugar. BY THE BARGE SALLY, 1026 birs well assorted Russia Iron,
AND UST ARRIVED BY THE STEAMBOAT ÆTNA,

100 ozen Claret (long Velvet Cork) which will be sold at 101 dollars per dozen, inluding all charges.
IN STORE,

30 barels & first quality Green Coffee fill in Lex48-tf

Alo, a small invoice containing a general as-

sortment of Hardware
A ew casks Gun and Musket Flints Together with several other articles which wil be sold by the package on the lowest tems.

J. P. SCHATZELL & Co.

Just Imported, AND FOR SALE, AT W. MENTELLE'S COMMISSION STORE, Main Street, next door to Mr. Wm. Leavy, FRESH GARDEN SEEDS

OF ALL KINDS-AMONG WHICH ARE, English Walnuts, Spanish Filberts and Ground Nuis-Also,

A variety of Choice TOYS, FOR THE APPROACHING CHRISTMAS, & NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS,

Dolles, Wholesale and Retail,
BOXES, Glass and Painted,
Elegant Painted & Queen'sware SNUFF BOXES,
MILLS, CUP & BALL, TETOTUMS, and others too numerous for description. REFINED LIQUORICE, in boxes, for colds, and

BOSS COTTON, Ditto SPUN, of all sizes, 10MBAZETTS, and other Dry Goods, 10MMON WARE, by Wholesale and Retail,

Orders from the country, attended to, punetually 47 November 20.

Apprentices Wanted.

LUCTION AND COMPHISHED.

THE SUBSCRIBERS UNDER THE FIRM OF RODES & SMITH,

HAVE established an Auction and Com-hission Store in Lexington, and will diligent-transact such business as may be entrusted their care. They propose receiving con-gnments of merchandise and property of very description, which will be disposed of at iction or otherwise according to instructions. iberal advances in Cash will be made on

They will also receive orders for the purase & shipment of Western produce. Bills DEBTS COLLECTED & punctually remitd. They hope to give satisfaction in all recets-and for their qualifications and responbility, reference may be had to the meriants of Lexington generally, to whom they e known.

JAMES C. RODES, BIRD SMITH.

Lexington, May 10, 1816.

SHORTLY EXPECTED, y the arrival of the BARGES CINCINNATT

and OHIO at Louisville, 30 hhds. New Orleans SUGAR,

50 Bags best GREEN COFFFE, 11 Crates QUEENSWARE (well assorted) 50 Boxes MUSCATEL RAISINS,

15 Barrels MACKEREL & 18 Cases Long Cork CLARET, 60) lbs ALMONDS

12 Cases Holland GIN. Together with a variety of other Groceries, such as WINES, BRANDY, RUM, CORDI-ALS, TEAS, SHRUB, preserved FRUITS, Spanish Segars, Spermaceti CANDLES &c. the whole comprising a general assortment, which will be opened at Lexington. 20tf

Robert A. Gatewood, Has opened a very general and well selected assort-

Merchandise, In his new brick house, opposite Mr James Wier's Store, which he offers for sale at wholesale or retail Store, which he others for San. on a very small advance for Cash. January 1, 1816

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership of JOSEPH H. & L. HAW. KINS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the concern, will present them to JOSEPH H. HAWKINS for adjustment, and all persons indebted in any manner whatever will make payment to him.

J. H HAWKINS. Lexington, March 26, 1816. 201

Bartlet & Cox, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, THANKFUL for past favours, beg leave to inform their Western friends, that they still continue to transact business on commission as formerly.

New Orleans, 8th Nov 1815

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

J. P. SCHATZELL, has associated himself with J. P. SCHATZELL, has associated himself with Mr. ALEXANDER CRANSTON of the City of New-York, Mr. ANDREW ALEXANDEROF Belfast (Irekind) and Mr. JOHN WOODWARD, now of this place for the purpose of transacting business in the Mercantile & Commission line in this State, which from the first of this present Month will be Conducted under the firm of J. P. Schetzell & Company Month will be Company. Schatzell & Company. Lexington Sept. 9th 1815.—37-2

Partnership Dissolved. THE PARTNERSHIP OF Ashton, Beach and Neille,

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent—All those having demands on the firm, are requested to apply to Ashton and Beach for the same—all indebted to the firm are to make payment to Ashton

and Beach, who are authorised to receive the same,

R. ASHTON,

JOSEPH BEACH,

HUGH NEILLE.

Lexington, March 2d, 1816.

The Coach Making Business, In all its various branches, is still carried on at the old stand by ASHTON & BEACH, where Carried on at the old stand by ASHTON & BEACH, where Carriages, Gigs, &c. &c. will be made or repaired on the shortest notice, and neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

H. Beard & A. Campbell

Have opened in the house next door to Mr. Will-iamson's corner, on Main and Poplar-streets, a well selected assortment of Merchandize,

Consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIS, QUEENS CHINA, GLASS AND HARD WARES, Which they will sell low for cash, country linen, or

Lexington, January 30.

FOUNDRY. The subscriber having commenced a Brass, Iron and Bell Foundry, Brass, Iron and Bell Foundry.
In the town of Lexington, opposite Lewis Sanders's,
Main street, wishes to inform his friends,' and the
public in general, that he now carries them on in all
their branches—all kinds of brass and iron machinery will be cast on the shortest notice, and in the best
maner—also bells for taverns, court houses, &c.—
He will keep on hand an assortment of flat irons,
wheat fan irons, &c.
All orders will be thankfully received, and puncatually attended to, by the subscriber

JOSEPH BRUIN.
February 28.

LIVERY STABLES.

NASH & RUSSELL, Have taken those extensive and commodious stables which were attached to the tavern lately known by the name of the Kentucky Hotel; where by the name of the KENTUCKY HOTEL; where they propose to receive and take care of horses, in the very best manner—as they intend to give their own personal attention to this business, they can pledge themselves for the fidelity of their servants.—Their stables being situated in the very centre and seat of business of Lexington, and being finished in the best manner, will enable them to accommodate the public as advantageously, if not more so, than any other in the place. Horses fed and taken care of, at ten shillings and six pence per week, and other charges as law in any other charges as law in a second to the control of the control of the charges as law in a second other charges as law in the second other charges as law